IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE, ANDHRA PRADESH
AT HYDERABAD

(Special Original Jurisdiction)

WEDNESDAY, THE THIRTEENTH DAY OF OCTOBER
TWO THOUSAND AND FOUR

PRESENT

THE HON'BLE MR JUSTICE V.V.S.RAO

-

WRIT PETITION No.24291 of 2002

Between:

Shaik Amir s/o Shaik Slam, Aged 24 years,
H.No.18-14-150, Beside Deccan Medical College,
Philasabanda, Hyderabad

..... PETITIONER

AND

The Regional Passport Officer, Door No. 8-2-215, to 219,

Adj. to Prashant Theatre, Kummaraguda, Secunderabad.

.....RESPONDENT

Petition under Article 226 of the constitution of India praying that in the circumstances stated in the Affidavit filed herein the High Court may be pleased to issue of Writ of Mandamus declaring the action of the respondent in not correcting the date of birth of the petitioner in spite of production of relevant documents as 9-7-1972 in stead of 9-7-1972 in the passport of the petitioner bearing A 2180532 to pass in the interest of justice.

Counsel for the Petitioner: MR.N. PRABHAKAR

Counsel for the Respondent: MR.A. RAJASEKHAR REDDY, Standing Counsel for Central Government

The Court made the following:

THE HON'BLE SRI JUSTICE V.V.S.RAO

WRIT PETITION NO.24291 OF 2002

ORDER:

This writ petition is filed seeking a writ of mandamus declaring the action of the respondent in not correcting the date of birth of the petitioner as 9.7.1978 instead of 9.7.1972 in the passport of the petitioner being No.A 2180532, in spite of production of the relevant documents, as illegal and arbitrary.

It is the case of the petitioner that he was born on 9.7.1978. In 1996, he applied for passport and in the application for passport inadvertently he mentioned the date of birth as 9.7.1972. Accordingly, passport bearing No.A 2180532 was issued on 28.11.1996 showing his date of birth as 9.7.1972. He approached the respondent with a request to change the date of birth in the passport. The respondent refused to correct the date of birth of petitioner. Hence, the present Writ Petition.

Heard the learned counsel for the petitioner and the learned Standing Counsel for the Central Government.

In ***Ali Imran v. Regional Passport Officer, Secunderabad***, I have considered the Circular dated 18-4-2001 issued by the Government of India in the Ministry of External Affairs pursuant to the judgment of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in Civil Writ Petition No.1072 of 2000. The instructions/clarifications issued in the said Circular read as under.

a. Where an applicant is seeking rectification/correction of a mistake in the entry on date of birth/place of birth in the passport, PIA (passport issuing authority) may after verifying/satisfying himself, affect the correction treating the same as a technical correction. There is no need for a declaratory order in such cases.

b. Where a competent authority issuing a birth certificate or an educational board registering a date of birth along with place of birth as valid were to issue any correction or amendment, PIA may effect the necessary amendment in the passport without insisting on a Court Order. As per the provisions of Section 21 of the General Clauses Act, 1997, a competent authority issuing a certificate could also make necessary amendments to the same.

c. Where the initial entry has been made on the basis of a supportive document issued by one competent authority i.e., school/educational authority and the

applicant subsequently requests for a change on the basis of a certificate issued by another competent authority i.e., municipal authorities resulting in conflicting sources of valid proof, the PIA should direct the applicant to obtain a civil order from a competent court of jurisdiction, certifying the valid date of birth/place of birth.

In view of the above clarifications, I disposed of the said case observing as under.

Be it noted that under the provisions of the Passports Act, 1967, no power is vested in the Regional Passport Officer to correct entries in the passport. However, pursuant to the judgment of the High Court of Bombay referred to hereinabove, it is now permissible for the Regional Passport Officer to accept applications for rectification/correction. Nonetheless, as per clause (c) above, if an entry had been made on the basis of a supportive document issued by one authority i.e., school or educational authority and subsequently the applicant requests for a change of the entry on the basis of the certificate issued by another authority the passport issuing authority is required to direct the applicant to obtain a proper declaration from the civil court.

In this case, the petitioner has produced Secondary School Certificate to prove that his correct date of birth is 9.7.1978. Therefore, the claim of the petitioner is well supported and squarely falls in Clause (a) of the Circular dated 18-4-2001.

Following the judgment of this Court in ***Ali Imran*** (supra), this writ petition is also disposed of directing the respondent to consider the application of the petitioner along with the Secondary School Certificate No.PC/01/0000417/6, dt.30.10.1993 issued by the Secretary, Board of Secondary Education, Andhra Pradesh, and to pass appropriate orders in the light of the observations made in the above judgment. There shall be no order as to costs.

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(V.V.S.RAO, J.)

13.10.2004

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To

1. The Regional Passport Officer, Door No. 8-2-215, to 219,

Adj. to Prashant Theatre, Kummaraguda, Secunderabad.

2. Two C.D. Copies.